



ENTRAS

Studienamiddag COGEN Vlaanderen

Dynamische dispatch van e-boilers

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E-boiler dynamic dispatch

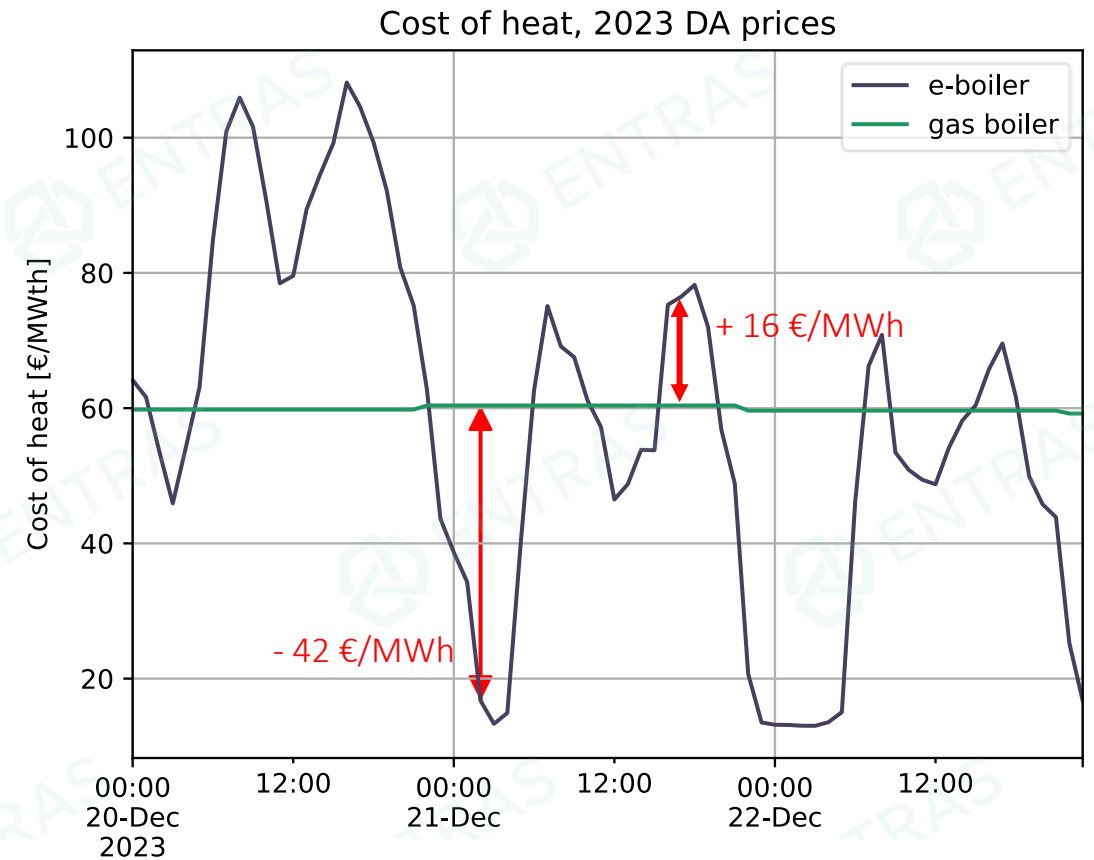
Clean e-boiler Spread – concept

› Dynamic cost of heat

- › Varies from moment to moment
- › Based on day-ahead ‘spot’ prices
- daily for gas, hourly for electricity
- › *Energy market arbitrage*

› Clean e-boiler Spread - CebS

- › Difference in cost between 1 MW of heat generated by the e-boiler and the gas boiler
- › ‘clean’: take into account CO₂ cost
- › Short term energy OPEX only
- › Can be calculated based on different markets
- look at your contracts



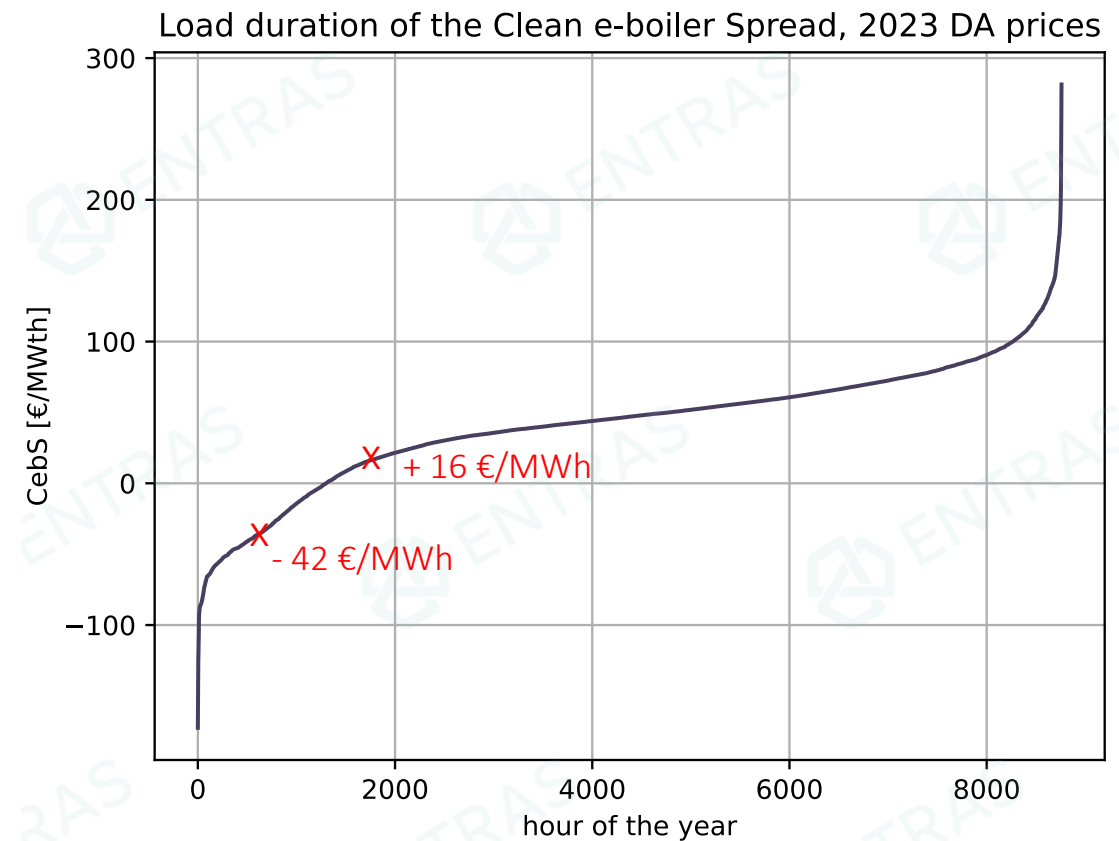
Cost of heat calculated with the following assumptions: gas boiler efficiency = 81% HHV, e-boiler efficiency = 99%, CO₂ price = 80 €/ton, gas grid cost & taxes = 1,42 €/MWh HHV, electricity grid cost & taxes = 13,15 €/MWh. Capacity tariffs not included. TTF DA EOD spot prices for gas and Belgian DA spot prices for electricity.

E-boiler dynamic dispatch

Clean e-boiler Spread – duration curve

› CebS duration curve

- › Sort the values from low to high: check how many hours it is cheaper to dispatch the e-boiler
- › Extremes at both sides of the curve

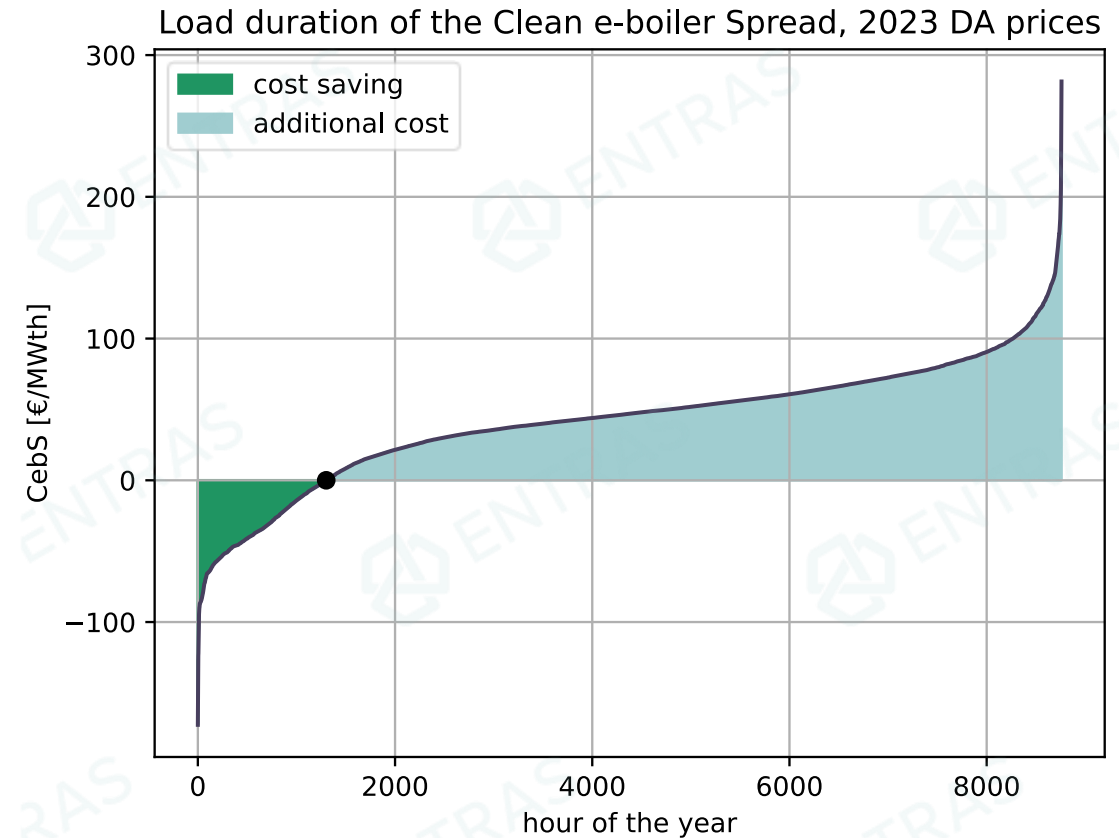


E-boiler dynamic dispatch

Clean e-boiler Spread – duration curve

› CebS duration curve

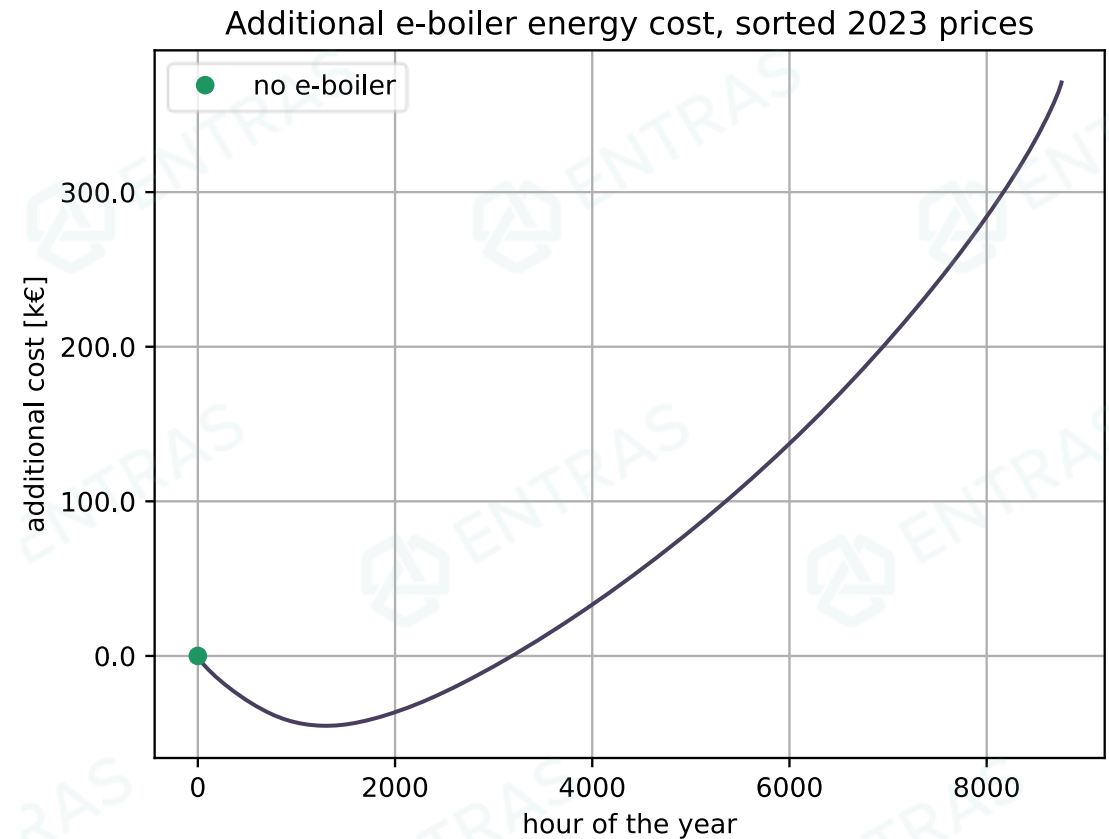
- › Sort the values from low to high: check how many hours it is cheaper to dispatch the e-boiler
- › Extremes at both sides of the curve
- › Define the cost savings (or additional cost) potential



E-boiler dynamic dispatch

Cost & CO₂ reduction strategies

- › E-boiler not dispatched= no cost or CO₂ savings

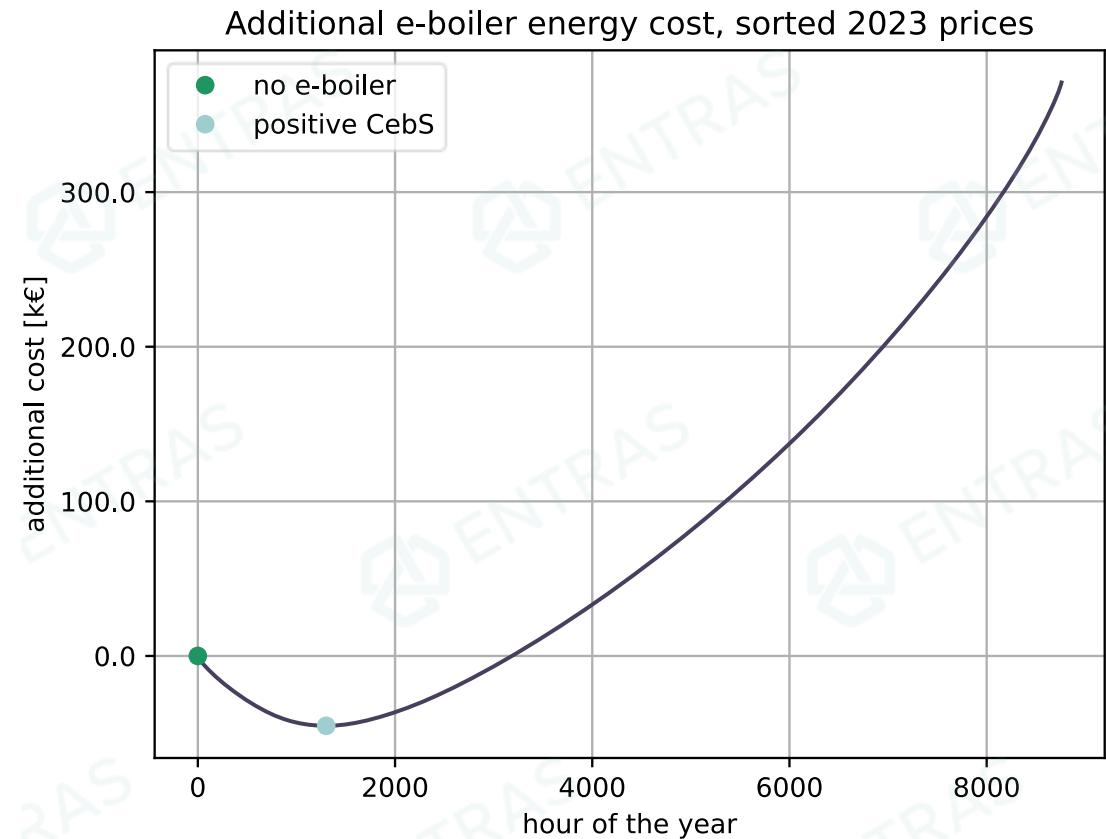


Assumption of a 1 MWth baseload heat consumption.

E-boiler dynamic dispatch

Cost & CO₂ reduction strategies

- › No e-boiler = no dispatch = no cost or CO₂ savings
- › Dispatch only when CebS is positive
 - › Realise cost saving, but limited CO₂ savings

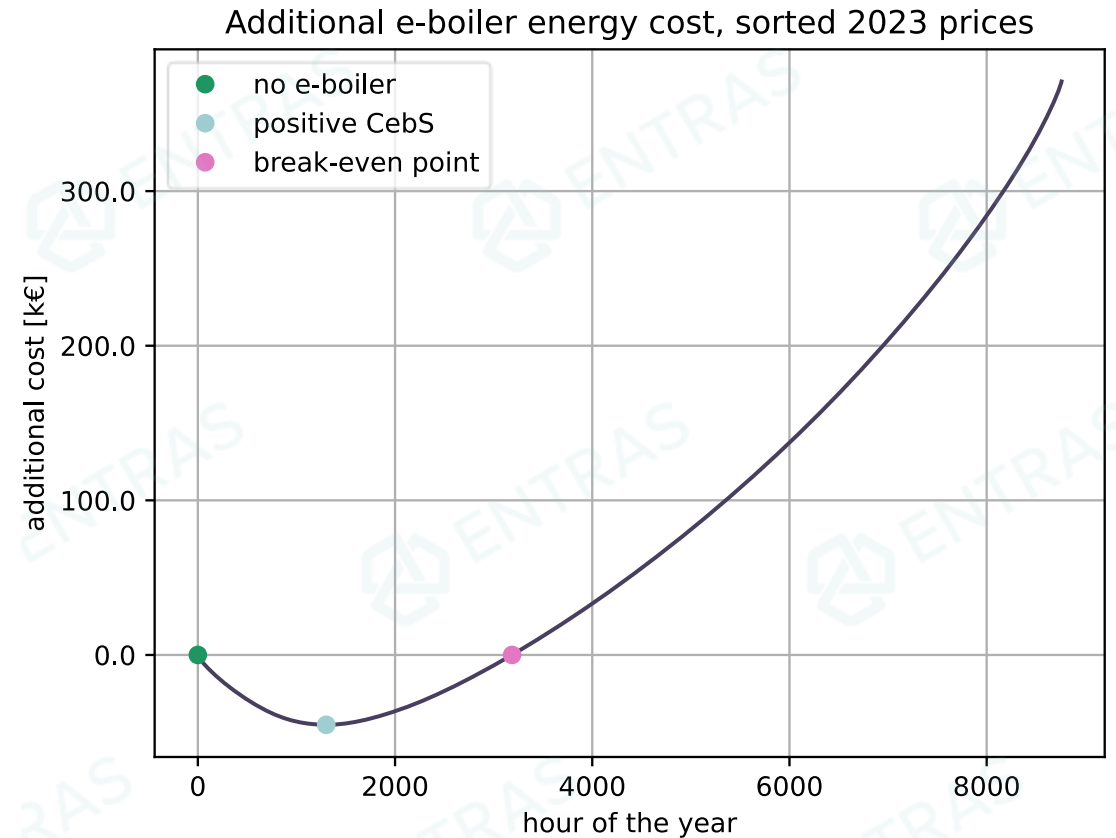


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E-boiler dynamic dispatch

Cost & CO₂ reduction strategies

- › No e-boiler = no dispatch = no cost or CO₂ savings
- › Dispatch only when CebS is positive
 - › Realise cost saving, but limited CO₂ savings
- › Dispatch to reach break-even point
 - › No cost saving, larger CO₂ savings
 - › Moments of negative CebS compensate moments of positive CebS

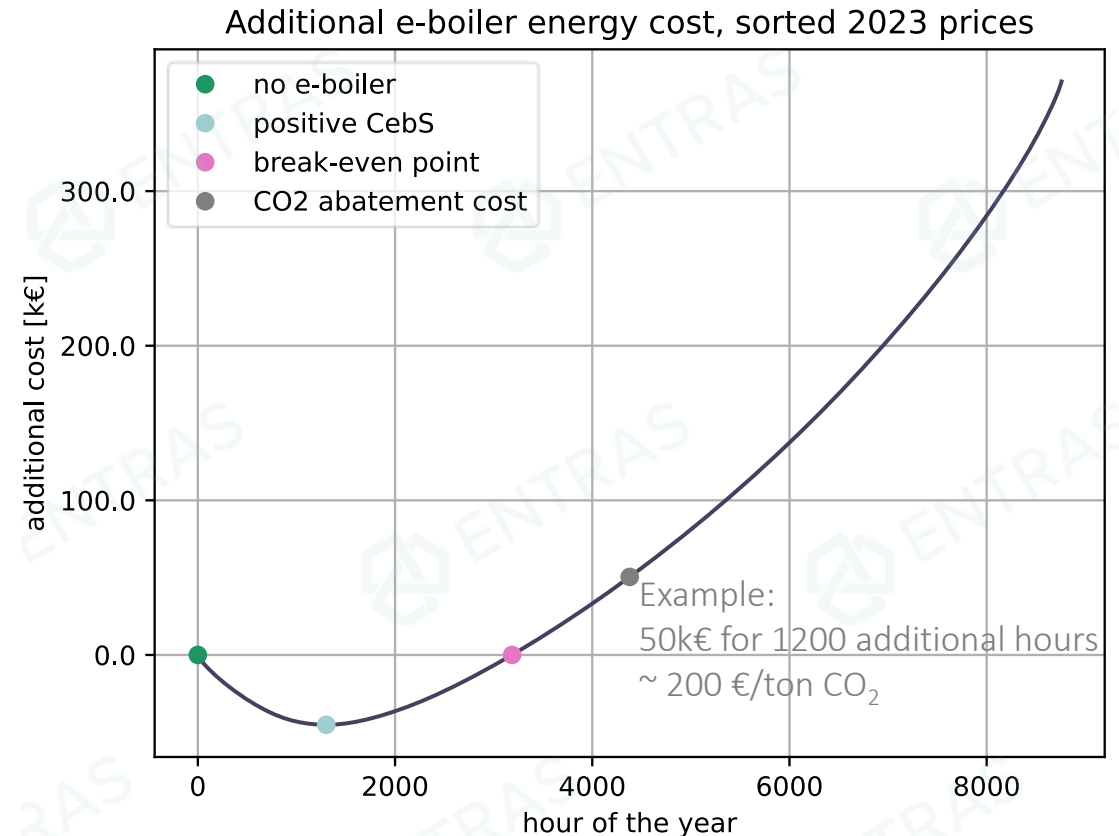


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E-boiler dynamic dispatch

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- › Dispatch to reach break-even point
 - › No cost saving, larger CO₂ savings
 - › Moments of negative CebS compensate moments of positive CebS
- › Dispatch e-boiler for additional hours
 - › Increase CO₂ savings while increasing cost
 - › “CO₂ abatement cost”: define defendable cost level
 - › Each additional hour dispatched will be marginally more expensive

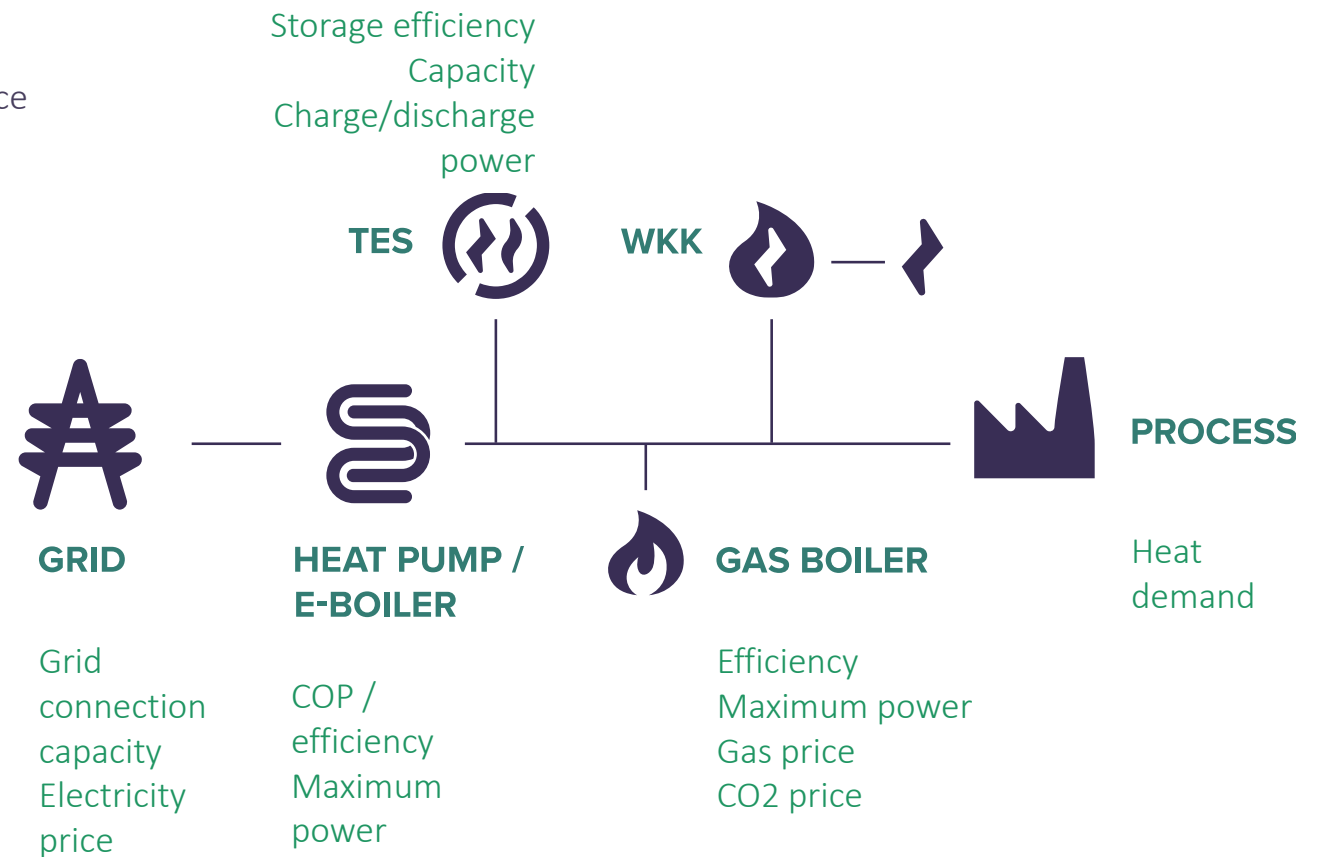


Assumption of a 1 MWth baseload heat consumption.

E-boiler dynamic dispatch

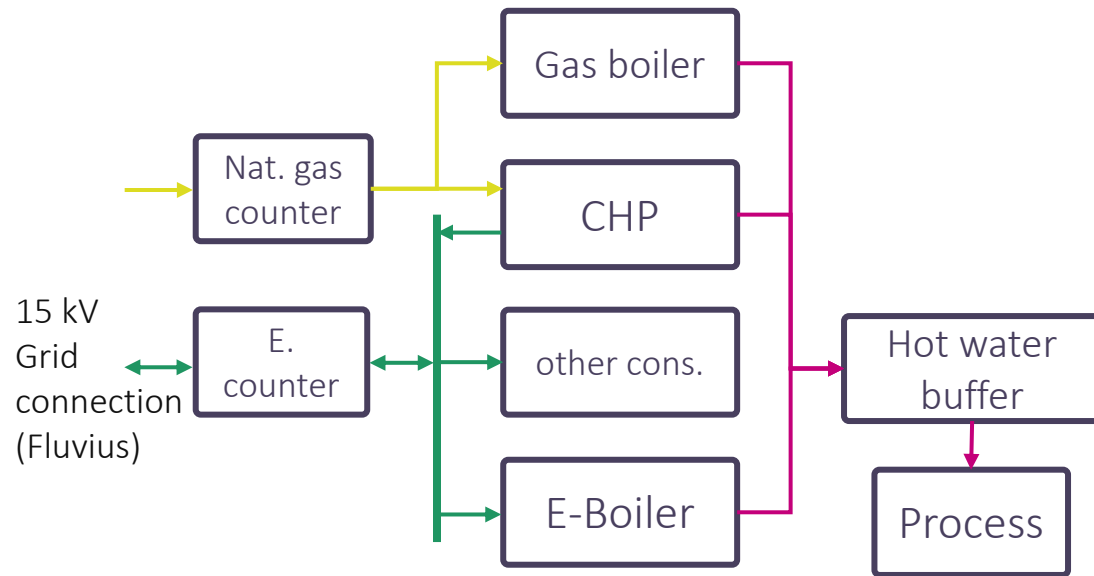
What about...

- › Other markets & ancillary services
 - › React to price signals: day-ahead spot, intraday, imbalance
 - › Sell flexibility to system operator: FCR, aFRR, mFRR
 - › Optimal valorisation on markets? Value stacking?
- › Integration with other assets
 - › Standalone vs heat production park; *time & energy market arbitrage*
 - › Local generation: CHP, PV & wind; avoid grid costs & taxes
- › Grid connection
 - › Limiting factor? Capex of upgrade?
 - › Firm vs flex capacity?
 - › What about capacity tariffs (€/MWpeak)?
- › ETS I and II
 - › Counteracting dispatch incentives?



E-boiler use cases

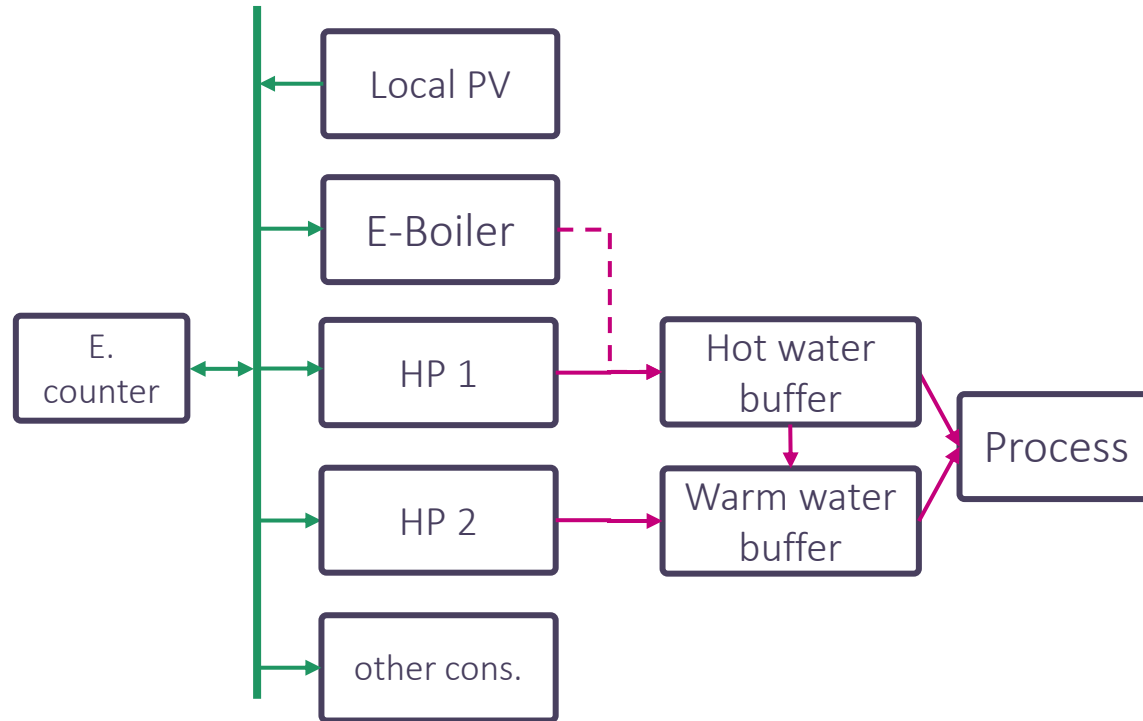
Combi with CHP on DSO grid, feeding hot water buffer



- › Client can produce heat with gas boiler, CHP or e-boiler. All heat is buffered in a hot water buffer
- › 15 kV Fluvius grid connection = high grid tariffs & capacity tariff!
 - › Stand-alone e-boiler on grid connection probably not economically feasible
- › Day-ahead CHP dispatch with e-boiler imbalance
 - › Take advantage of dynamic character of e-boiler, frequent & fast switching on imbalance market
 - › Keep grid costs (captar) & taxes limited by preventing offtake peaks
 - › *Time arbitrage*: buffer heat in storage tank
 - › *Energy market arbitrage*: gas vs electricity

E-boiler use cases

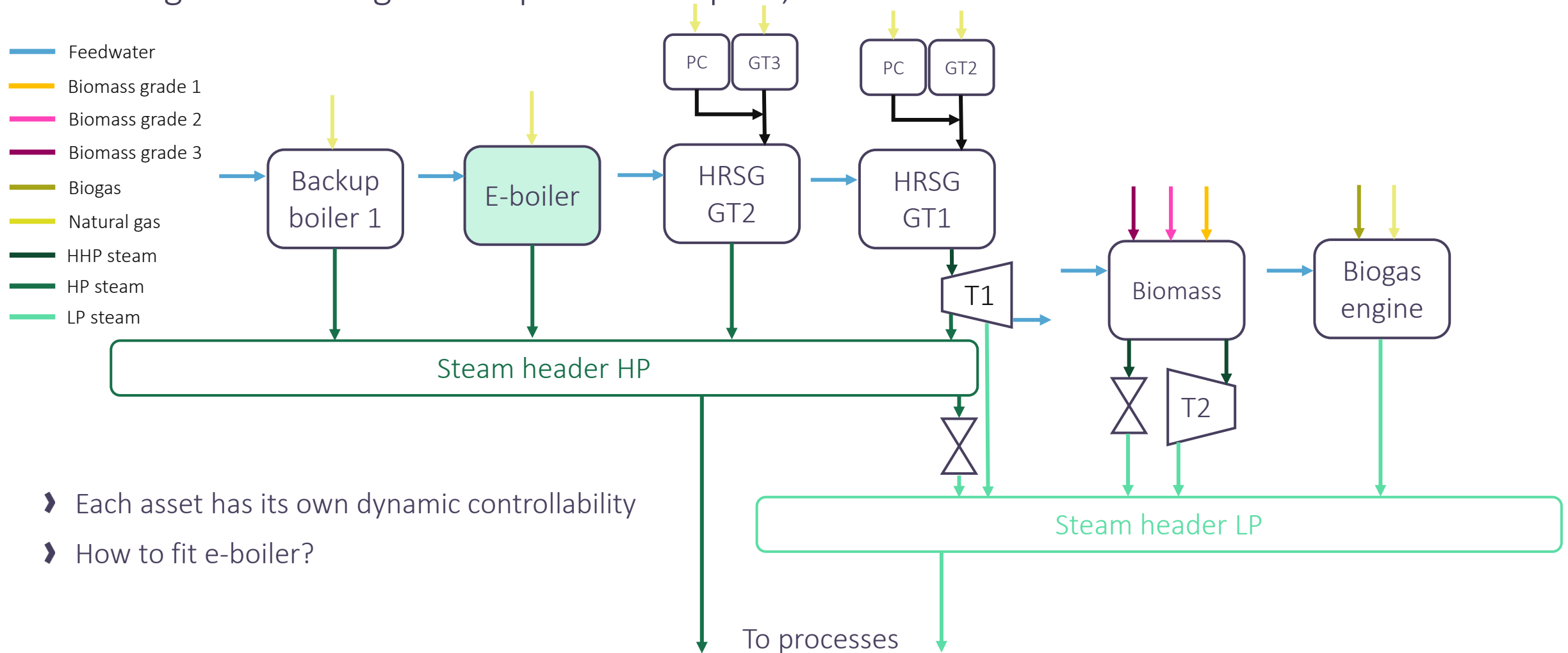
As backup for heatpumps, including heat buffers & local generation



- › Fully electrified customer: no natural gas!
- › All required heat is produced with several heat pumps, and buffered in heat buffers
- › E-boiler as backup, when heat pumps do not suffice
 - › HP designed on baseload, process heat requirement can be peaking
 - › Happens at least once per month: captar cost is already there!
 - › Valorise flexibility of e-boiler when not needed for process: aFRR + dispatch on day-ahead market prices
- › Local PV: avoid grid costs & taxes

E-boiler use cases

Integrate into larger heat production park, TSO connected

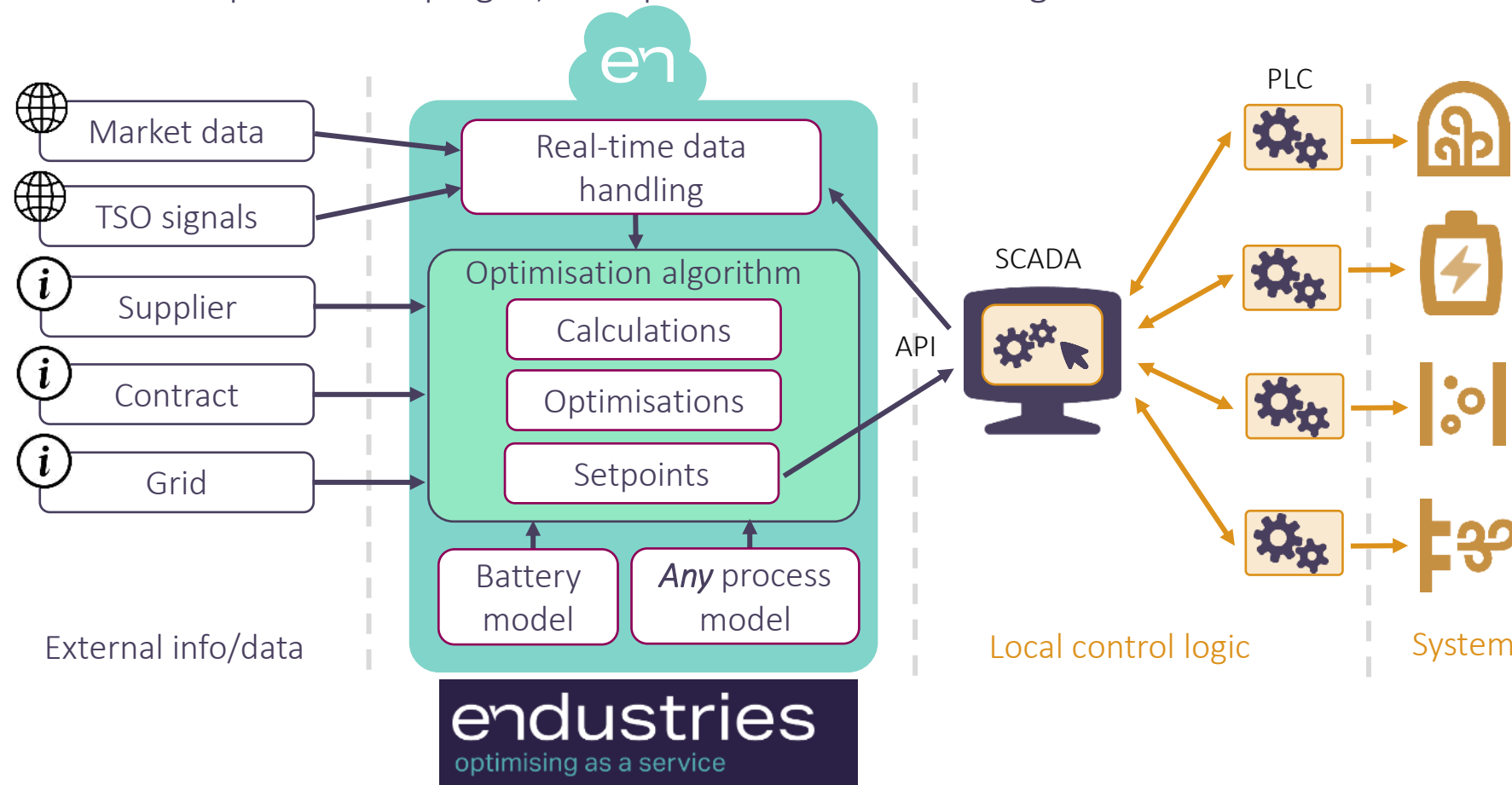


- › Each asset has its own dynamic controllability
- › How to fit e-boiler?

Asset dispatching tools

Real time steering of assets - How does it work?

- › Techno-economic dispatch tool, **economically optimising** the real-time operation of a system
- › Dispatch tool as an optimisation plug-in, on top of technical control logic.



About ENTRAS

ENTRAS is your trusted and independent partner to guide you through the complex world of energy
We develop concept. We build financial models. We offer a suite of process optimisation tools.



Left to right: Dimitris Nasikas, Jeroen Vanfraechem, Twan Bearda, Joost Vanden Berghe, Filip Lesaffer, Lieven Kenis, Frank Alaerts, Jens Baetens, Stijn Bernaer



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